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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/658,632	09/08/2003	Alex Chenchik	SBIO/0002	6082
	7590 05/20/200 on & Sheridan, LLP	EXAMINER		
Suite 1500	,	SHIBUYA, MARK LANCE		
3040 Post Oak Blvd. Houston, TX 77056-6582			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1639	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/20/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/658,632	CHENCHIK, ALEX	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Mark L. Shibuya, Ph.D.	1639	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Feb 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 18-29 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 18-29 are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See cion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 18-29 are pending. Claim 29 is newly added.

2. Applicant's amendments to the claims, entered 2/20/2008, necessitate the instant

Requirement for Restriction/Election. The previous Requirement for

Restriction/Election, mailed 1/24/2008, is withdrawn. Therefore, applicant's Response

and elections, entered 2/20/2008, are rendered moot.

3. The examiner respectfully submits that the instant Requirement for

Election/Restriction is proper in view of applicant's amendments to the claims.

Nucleotide/Amino Acid Sequence Rules

4. The examiner agrees that the instant application is in compliance with the nucleotide/amino acid sequence rules and thanks the applicant for diligent attention to this matter.

Election/Restrictions

- 5. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - Claims 18-28, drawn to a method of making a packaged viral effector library comprising sequences synthesized on a surface of a microarray, classified in class 506, subclass 30.

II. Claim 29, drawn to a viral effector library made by the method of claim 26, comprising nucleic acid sequences of mammalian origin, classified in class 506, subclass 17.

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The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions of Group II and Group I are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product of Group II. drawn to a viral effector library and may be made by a process that does not involve synthesis of nucleic acid sequences on a microarray, as in the method of claim 26 of Group I.

The method of claim 26 is drawn to making a packaged viral effector library, comprising cloning a defined set of nucleic acid sequences into viral expression vectors, wherein the nucleic acid sequences are made by a method comprising synthesizing a set of sequences on a surface of a microarray, detaching the sequences, amplifying the sequences, and packaging the library into viral particles to produce a viral effector library.

The examiner respectfully notes that "[t]he patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production", (In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985); MPEP 2113. The examiner respectfully submits that the library made by the process of claim 1 reads simply on a packaged viral effector library, which made be made using nucleic acid sequences that are not synthesized on

a microarray, but made by recombinant means. Therefore, the examiner respectfully submits that searches of the two Inventions would not be coextensive. Therefore, an undue administrative burden would result from examination of the Inventions of Group I and Group II together.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Election of Species

6. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species: set comprising at least (a) 1000 effector sequences; (b) 10,000 effector sequences; or (c) 35,000 effector sequences. The species are independent or distinct

because the different number of genes sequences upon a solid support of the claimed range can require different synthesis methods so that they represent materially different design, modes of operation and function.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 26, 27 and 29 are generic.

7. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species: An effector nucleic acids code for cDNAs, siRNAs, peptides or protein domains. The species are independent or distinct because the different effector nucleic acids code for different molecular molecules that have materially different design, modes of operation function and effect.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 23, 26, 27, and 28 are generic.

8. Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

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Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species.

MPEP § 809.02 (a).

9. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103 (a) of the other invention.

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10. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined. In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement

is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

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11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Mark L. Shibuya, Ph.D. whose telephone number is

(571) 272-0806. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30AM-5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Dr. James (Doug) Schultz can be reached on (571) 272-0763. The fax

phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is

571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Mark L. Shibuya, Ph.D.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1639

/Mark L. Shibuya, Ph.D./

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1639